

## MINING IN DUGWAY

Operations Resumed On the Gold and Silver Carbonate.

## THE PRIDE OF THE WEST

FIRST-CLASS ORE READY FOR THE MARKET.

Remington and Johnson Taking Out Ore at the Old Buckhorn—Work Resumed On the Oakland—The Mines of Owyhee—Record Made by the Producers Around Silver City—Thirty Million in Ten Years—Connor Creek Mines—Revival of Activity in Cassia Creek, Idaho—Jennings Purchases an Interest in the Alice—Mining Notes.

Mercur, Feb. 25.—J. A. Forbach left here this week with two men, to work on the property of the Gold and Silver Carbonate company, at Dugway, he being a large owner in the property. While there recently he uncovered some very rich ore, of which he has about seven tons on the dump, and it is probable that a shipment will be made from there in a few days.

He reports considerable activity in the district, among others who are doing work being the Cannons, who have some very rich property there, and Remington and Johnson, who are taking out some good ore in the Old Buckhorn.

The Pride of the West has a lot of first-class ore ready for shipment. Considerable work is being done on the Granite Mountain. Dan Egan, Christensen and Blackhurst, and others are doing development work, and obtaining good results, and it looks as if a great deal of ore would be shipped from there this season.

Work on the Oakland, on the West Dip, has again been commenced. A Buffalo wheel has been put in place, which will be used until a depth of 300 feet is reached, about half of that distance having been reached before the temporary cessation of labor. When a depth of 300 feet is reached a steam hoist will be erected and the shaft continued to the 1,000-foot level, if necessary.

J. D. Keifer has been in camp this week, examining the workings of the Horseshoe, where it is claimed a change in the formation has been encountered.

The reported strike at the Cannon elicits no surprise here, but considerable satisfaction. Mr. Cannon has spent a great deal of money in the camp, and while he has apparently been unsuccessful so far, he holds property in the camp that evidently must contain valuable minerals. He is deservingly successful, and will not be one to let up money where it will do the least good.

Dan Monroe, Bert Gibson and Bill Flannery left here today en route for the Klondike. They will not go by the regular route, but will go up through Montana and, after crossing the line into British Columbia, will go over the coast range and make the trip overland. They expect to be four months on the way, and will prospect the country through which they pass and, as a matter of fact, will find something on the way worth while, are not likely to leave it for the Klondike or any other old place.

Word has been received that Harry Mair, the popular marshal of Mercur, is doing as well as can be expected. He went to Salt Lake to have a cancerous growth removed from his neck, and it was found necessary to amputate the right arm at the elbow.

Mercur has quite a number of invalids in Salt Lake City undergoing treatment for various ailments, and in all cases they are improving in health. Quite a number of new firms are coming to Mercur of late. A soda water factory has just been started, and H. H. Deighton of Park City has just opened a tin shop. Other branches of business will soon follow.

## CONNOR CREEK MINES.

Revival of Activity in Cassia County, Idaho.

Considerable mining is now being done on Connor creek, Cassia county, Idaho, almost on the Utah-Idaho line, concerning which the Albion Times says:

There will undoubtedly be great activity among mining men in and about Albion during the coming summer, and before another year has rolled away we expect to see Albion the supply point for the best mining camp in Idaho.

Operations on Connor creek have commenced in good shape and some property is already changing hands. Bishop Hardy, John Fox and J. Jennings, mining men of Salt Lake, and in Albion last week in mining business. While here, Mr. Jennings purchased of Colonel R. L. Wood a one-fifth interest in the Alice mine, paying therefor the sum of \$12,000. The Alice is a valuable property, and the interest of foreign capital in this mine is a forerunner of what is sure to follow in many other mines in the district.

Jack Comerford now owns a three-fourths interest in the Giant, having purchased Major Stokes' interest in the valuable mine. The Giant, which was owned by Major Stokes, and which he had commenced at once, and the proprietors expect to be shipping ore in less than two months.

O. H. Melcher, where whom the well-known Melcher mine was named, left Albion Saturday for Pittsburgh, Pa., where he goes to interest capital in the famous Connor Creek district in general, and in the Melcher mine in particular. Three shafts have been sunk on this property, and in the 30-foot shaft the entire ledge assays \$5 in gold per ton, from the top to the bottom. The Golden Eagle, Monarch, Badger, Jennie and several other mines are all valuable properties, and will in time prove themselves. The Connor people are also hard at work pushing the tunnel on the ledge, and, with every foot of ground, they become more and more convinced that they have one of the best properties in the west.

George Burroughs, of the Sweetest & Burroughs Mining Co., was in the city Friday and on his return to the hotel was accompanied by J. W. Burgess, a skillful mechanic, who will place the machinery in the new boat recently constructed by the company. Mr. Burgess will be gone about three weeks, by which time it is expected the new boat will be ready to begin dredging. It is understood that the company will have two boats during the coming season. The building of the new boat only tends to show that the Sweetest & Burroughs Mining Co. has the proper system.

## THE MINES OF OWYHEE.

Record Made by the Producers Around Silver City.

Regarding mining enterprises around

## INTO NEW QUARTERS.

James A. Pollock, mining engineer and

general office at No. 4 West First South, ground floor of the Commercial block, and

will move to his new quarters on the new

new. Weekly better, containing full stock

market intelligence, on application. New

telephone No. 25.

Silver City, Ida., the Avalanche of that

place says: The mines of Owyhee have been noted for their richness ever since the first party of prospectors came over the Reynolds creek divide in 1852. Following the discovery of rich placer diggings, the silver and gold mines of the Eagle and Florida mountains were explored, and from that time up till the present the output of precious metals has been steadily and increasing. In 1896 the production was very large, about \$30,000,000, and it now looks as though the output of that period will be duplicated and surpassed in the near future.

The uninformed may doubt the proposition herewith presented, but a casual glance at the situation will convince anyone that it is true. In 1895 the output of Owyhee county, as given by the United States survey office at Boise was \$2,466,615. In 1896 it was \$2,537,985. In 1897 it was \$2,537,985. In 1898 we have been unable to obtain exact figures, but it is known that the production was greater than that of the previous year. The total value of the mines alone paid a half a million in dividends during 1897.

The recent rich developments in the Owyhee district, and the fact that the mines are in the list of steady producers for 1898, without question.

At the Poorman, whose first 100 tons of ore has returned, the output of \$200,000, it is known beyond a shadow of doubt that good bodies of ore have been opened in the lowest levels, and that the future is bright.

The Silver City, South Central and other War Eagle mines are almost certain to swell the 1898 output. The Black Jack, on Florida, which has produced steadily and largely for the past four or five years, will surpass its previous fine records this season. The Trade Dollar, which paid \$500,000 in dividends last year, will do even better, because it has the ore in sight to do it with.

The Banner group in Coffee gulch is certain to be in even better shape than a few months ago. The recent developments have demonstrated it beyond a shadow of doubt.

The owners of the Tip Top group, who have a lot of excellent property to stand idle for a number of years past, while big ore bodies have been opened all around it, have decided to make a big push to get the property at great depth as soon as spring opens.

The Ontario, Mammoth and other mines of the district, which have been idle for a few years ago which gave returns of about \$200 per ton in gold, and which are now being worked, will be taking down the ore which is still richer.

The Florida Mountain company is sinking on its Humboldt mine, with the idea of getting a large body of ore. The company is to be in full operation this summer. This alone will mean a large enhanced output, for the property is equipped with a 20-stamp mill.

The Potomac mine is being operated under lease, and we understand that the lease is for a long term of years. The property is being put on a paying basis.

The Traders Consolidated Gold Mining company, owners of the property on the northern slope of Florida mountain, is doing extensive development work, which will undoubtedly bear its gold and silver fruit this season.

At the Delmar, Delmar Mining company is installing a cyanide plant, a portion of which is in operation, and we learn, doing highly satisfactory work. The company is to be in full operation this summer. This alone will mean a large enhanced output, for the property is equipped with a 20-stamp mill.

The Dig 1 mines at Wagontown are also opening up in good shape and will be in full operation this summer. The Cow Creek and Rooster comb districts, north of Delmar, are being vigorously prospected by experienced mining men who are backing their judgment with money.

From Flint very encouraging reports are received. At the Mountain, the Spokane company is pushing a long tunnel to the ledges at depth, and this great lead-silver district is expected to soon turn out with industry.

At the Deane's Peak, Meadow Creek and other rich districts south of here are receiving considerable attention from prospectors and promoters, and it is believed that "make a start" in earnest this season.

Aside from the quartz mines, the placer ground in Jacob's gulch and at the foot level there is the gold production very preceptible.

Every district is represented by experienced prospectors, and their work is being done in a more and more systematic way. The prospectors and miners are all well, and the future of the district is bright.

Not better field is offered to the capital of the district, and the future of the district is bright. The prospectors and miners are all well, and the future of the district is bright.

At the Marysville Property Bonded. Marysville, Utah, Feb. 27.—The people of this locality are surprised that the option of O. W. Phillips and others on the Deer Trail was taken up. The property is now in the hands of O. W. Phillips.

The Casade property is now receiving considerable attention. The owners, Reuben De Witt, John W. De Witt, and D. W. De Witt, have bonded it to Robert O'Neal of Leadville for \$50,000. The option expires on April 30.

Strikes On Miner Mountain. Richfield, Feb. 27.—There reaches Richfield the rumor that some rich gold strikes have recently been made between here and the Henry mountains, on what is known as Miner mountain. A bond and lease have been secured by the company, and the representatives are expected to arrive soon to prepare for operations the coming summer.

Mining Notes. Park Record: The Record was told yesterday that the Silver King was running a drift north from the 1,100-foot level, with the intention of securing an outlet for the mine on the lake level. Our informant stated that the work was so far progressed that the mine was now all of 2,000 feet from the shaft. No other drifts have been made, and it is expected that the company will certify this report at the company's office, as it would surely be denied.

Silver City Star: W. M. Nesbit, the well known mine superintendent, who recently made an examination of the Martha Washington, advising that there is no doubt but that property is a big mine. He states that on the 300-foot level there is a three-foot vein, all good pay ore, which gives the best assurance of a continued output. Mr. Nesbit also says that the inclined shaft in the mine is the best he ever saw, and that the mine is being worked in the most efficient manner in which the development has been done.

World, Idaho City, Ida.: Robert Gamble returned a few days ago from the Liberty mine, which he has been working on the properties of the Old Gold company. Mr. Gamble says the company will begin work on a two-compartment shaft, and the mine is in good condition. The shaft will be sunk in the south end of the croppings. It is expected that the shaft will tap the ledge at the 200-foot level, and at a depth of about 300 feet. The

ledge dips south. Mr. Gamble, who is looking out for the interests of the Old Gold company during the absence of Mr. Korrora, stopped at the Ben Hur, near Centerville, on his return from the Liberty. He says the tunnel on this mine is now in 200 feet, and will be completed in the pay chute without delay.

## Gold Production of Idaho.

Boise, Ida., Feb. 27.—The statement prepared by the United States assay office showing the production of gold in Idaho during 1897 was \$2,537,985. In 1898, the production was \$2,537,985. Total, \$12,729,885. This is an increase over 1896 of \$1,978,040.

## Dividend Paying and Investment Mining Stocks.

W. E. HUBBARD & CO.,  
TEL. 605. 15 W. 2d So. St.

## AT THE TABERNACLE.

## PRESIDENT CANNON AND TWO ELDERS THE SPEAKERS.

## The Missionary Work in England—How the Saints May Enjoy the Gifts of the Gospel.

An audience that was unusually large attended the services yesterday afternoon at the tabernacle. The sermons were preached by President George Q. Cannon and Elders Bernard J. Stewart and John M. Knight.

Elder Stewart has just returned from a mission in England. The work there, he says, was very successful. The missionaries have been able to reach the people, and the work is being done in a most efficient manner. The people are very receptive, and the work is being done in a most efficient manner.

Elder Knight, whose evangelist efforts were made in the Indian territory mission, said the elders there met with great success. The people are very receptive, and the work is being done in a most efficient manner. The people are very receptive, and the work is being done in a most efficient manner.

President George Q. Cannon made the final address. He said that in this age of skepticism it was pleasant to hear young men testify that they knew the gospel to be true. No other people have been so successful in their missionary work. The people are very receptive, and the work is being done in a most efficient manner.

## A RED DINNER.

## Some Helpful Suggestions.

In giving the red dinner, so distinctly in vogue at this season, the tomato is, by reason of its complexion, the belle amongst the vegetables. When raw tomatoes are difficult to get or are too expensive, the following recipe will be found useful. It is a delicious in flavor, as to make the salad the evening of the red dinner. Take one pint of strained tomatoes, one teaspoonful of salt, one-half teaspoon of white pepper, one tablespoon of vinegar, one teaspoon of onion juice, one half teaspoon of parsley, one-quarter cup of gelatin.

Put all the ingredients in a granite dish. Let soak for two or three hours; then add a half cup of cream, one bay leaf and parsley; turn into small molds. When ready to serve dip the mold in hot water for a second only. Drop the jelly, the rounded side up, on a lettuce bed. Surround with a cream mayonnaise dressing, to which has been added finely-chopped celery. Points to be observed:—Prep a vegetable soup, and serve it with the tomatoes. Experience proves it to be more satisfactory than any other device.

Be sure to use the white pepper. It makes an enormous difference in the tint of the jelly. The ordinary sloping after-dinner coffee is the best dish in which to mold the salad form. The small blue stone-colored baking cups also make a good form. Never use a tin mold with a recipe containing eggs or acids. This amount makes eight molds. The following is a red dinner.

Nut Cream—One pint of cream whipped, one-half cup almonds, one-half cup raisins, one-half cup marshmallows, or four tablespoons sherry, one-third cup granulated sugar, one teaspoon vanilla, one-half teaspoon rose water.

Have a large bowl on the ice. The cream must be ice cold. Have your egg beater also ice cold. Half the trouble experienced in whipping cream comes from the fact that the cream is not cold enough. Whip your cream. Soak the gelatin in a pint of cold water for an hour. Be sure to cover it with a glass. Add a little wine and flavoring to the sugar. Add these to the whipped cream, then the nuts chopped fine and the top. Save a cup of jelly for the top.

Put the dish of gelatin in a dish of boiling water and stir until dissolved. Add quickly to the cream, stir rapidly a moment and put in ramkins. Sprinkle a few finely chopped nuts on the top and crown all with one or more crystallized cherries. This amount of cream fills 12 ramkins.

Having decided upon a tomato for your salad, and not wanting to repeat the flavor in your soup, you may feel hard pressed for a properly tinted soup. In this case a cream soup, decorated with little red peppers, looks very pretty, and no one is obliged to eat the peppers.

## Knows Better Now.

Day's County Clipper: A year ago, one of our townsmen purchased a self-feeding stove and during all this time has been supplying the coal from the bottom, until the other day he tried to remove it with a cold chisel, but failed.

## Physically Exempt.

Judge: Lady—You ought to be ashamed to beg for a living—the good book says you should earn your bread by the sweat of your brow.

Beginner: I know, lady, but, per se, I hain't got no brow, to speak of.

## Gray's

Laxative Pellets.

A certain cure

for chronic

Constipation.

25c.

## CONGRESS FAR AWAY

## Great Record Made in Dispatch of Public Business.

## MAY ADJOURN IN JUNE

## UNLESS WAR SHOULD TURN UP TO PREVENT IT.

## Condition of Bills in the House—What is Contingent On Result of Maine Inquiry—Hawaiian Annexation—Alaskan Bill in Senate More Than Its Name Implies.

## Washington, Feb. 27.—The house leaders have been straining all their energies to expedite the appropriation bills, with a view to an early adjournment, and they are succeeding beyond their most sanguine expectations. Not in a quarter of a century have the appropriation bills been so far advanced in the long session as they are at this time. The other two have gone through one or more executive stages, and one—the military academy bill—is in the hands of the president, awaiting his signature.

## CONDITION OF BILLS.

The condition of the other nine bills is as follows: The pension bill has passed both houses, and the differences have been agreed upon in conference; the legislative, executive and judicial, no group, have passed both houses, and the differences are being adjusted in conference; the senate amendments to the diplomatic and consular bill have been agreed upon by house committee on foreign affairs, and the bill only awaits confirmation of this action by the house before going to the president. The bill for the payment of the claim made at the date in London session of the Methodist church for property destroyed at Nashville during the civil war. This bill appropriates \$288,000, and has aroused some opposition. It is believed that the bill will pass after a day or two of talk in the house.

It is probable that after the Alaskan bill is disposed of, none of the bills of less general importance on the calendar will be considered. One of these is the bill for the payment of the claim made at the date in London session of the Methodist church for property destroyed at Nashville during the civil war. This bill appropriates \$288,000, and has aroused some opposition. It is believed that the bill will pass after a day or two of talk in the house.

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## DRY DOCKS AND SHIPS.

If the board of inquiry into the Maine disaster should render a finding which would require relations with Spain, the most liberal provisions will be made, both for dry docks and ships. If the disaster was not due to accidental causes, a board ship, it is almost certain that two new battleships will be ordered, one recommended by the secretary of the navy and one to replace the Maine, and that at least one of the new ships will be ordered to be built in the United States.

The completion of the postoffice bill depends upon the action of the house upon the bill, relating to second-class mail matter, which is expected to be passed this week. The general delivery bill is always the last of the bills to be reported, as it includes such deficiencies as the committee must be provided for at the close of every session.

## LOOKING AHEAD.

With the appropriation bill and the immigration bill, the consideration of which has been set for March 15, out of the way, nothing remains to prolong this session of congress, save the question of annexation. The leaders of both sides, looking ahead, eliminating both these subjects as probabilities or possibilities of delay, are ready to adjourn early in May. If such a contingency as war should arise, it would be necessary for congress to adjourn at once, and the declaration of war, and in furnishing ways and means for its prosecution.

## HAWAIIAN TREATY.

With regard to Hawaiian annexation, there is no doubt that if the present treaty is abandoned in the senate, no other treaty will be enacted into law. The sentiment, both among the friends and opponents of annexation in the house, tends to the belief that the Hawaiian treaty will be rejected. The sentiment, both among the friends and opponents of annexation in the house, tends to the belief that the Hawaiian treaty will be rejected.

## OPPOSED TO ANNEXATION.

Speaker Reed makes no concealment of his personal opposition to annexation. He has been heard to say that the present treaty is a bad one, and that it is a mistake to annex Hawaii. He has been heard to say that the present treaty is a bad one, and that it is a mistake to annex Hawaii.

## PLANS OF ACTION.

At stated, the indications all point to a concerted plan on the part of the enemies of annexation at both ends of the capitol to hurry through the appropriation bills and adjourn before action can be had on the joint resolution in the senate. This, it is pointed out, would be the easier way to defeat, or at least, postpone action, as once the resolution is passed in the house, the provisions in the Republican ranks would be uncovered and the leaders would be forced on opposite sides. Some of the Republicans who are opposed to the annexation of Hawaii, and who are in a position of public antagonism to the administration if it can be avoided. They would, of course, prefer to see the question postponed, rather than have it brought to an issue in the house. The Democrats, with comparatively few exceptions, are hostile to annexation.

## PROGRAMME FOR WEEK.

The programme of the house for the coming week includes the completion of the Hawaiian treaty, and the consideration of the appropriation bills. The Hawaiian treaty will be considered on Monday, and the appropriation bills will be considered on Tuesday and Wednesday.

## THE SALT LAKE HERALD.

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office and post roads committee, is confident that it will pass.

## THE LOUD BILL.

The bill takes all complete books printed as in serial form out of the second-class rate (1 cent per pound), and places them on the regular book rate class, which pays 5 cents per pound. It also prohibits the transmission of "sample copies" at pound rates. It is believed that the bill will pass after a day or two of talk in the house.

## TOMORROW, UNDER THE RULES, IS DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA DAY.

Tomorrow, under the rules, is District of Columbia day, but Chairman Cannon, in charge of the sundry civil bill, will probably insist upon resuming with his bill. He refused yesterday to yield to Mr. Boutelle, who was extremely anxious to secure the immediate passage of the bill for the relief of the Maine victims. This latter measure will be doubtless called up as soon as the appropriation bill is out of the way, but the bill for the relief of the Maine victims will probably not be taken up until the special order for the consideration of the Loud bill exhausts itself.

## IN THE SENATE.

Beyond the fact that the Corbett case will be decided on Monday, and that after its decision the bill regulating the right of way for railroads in Alaska and for other purposes, will probably be taken up, the programme in the senate for this week is quite indefinite.

The Alaska bill is of much wider scope than its title indicates, and it will not be voted upon without considerable discussion. There is no general disposition to defeat the bill, but some members are of the opinion that it should be amended in several particulars, and they will seek to secure these changes before the vote is taken. It is believed the bill will pass after a day or two of talk in the senate.

## SOUTH METHODIST CLAIM.

It is probable that after the Alaskan bill is disposed of, none of the bills of less general importance on the calendar will be considered. One of these is the bill for the payment of the claim made at the date in London session of the Methodist church for property destroyed at Nashville during the civil war. This bill appropriates \$288,000, and has aroused some opposition. It is believed that the bill will pass after a day or two of talk in the house.

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